



MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF
INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 30, 2016



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

September 14, 2016

Board of Directors
Mesa Valley Community School
Grand Junction, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Mesa Valley Community School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mesa Valley Community School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Mesa Valley Community School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mesa Valley Community School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of Directors
Mesa Valley Community School
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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Mesa Valley Community School as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters*Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of activity - net pension liability, and schedule of activity - employer pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Mesa Valley Community School

June 30, 2016

As management of the Mesa Valley Community School (MVCS), we offer readers of MVCS's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of MVCS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

The liabilities and deferred inflows of MVCS exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$568,040. Of this amount, \$80,804 of net position is restricted for emergencies (TABOR).

At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the governmental fund was \$826,548.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to MVCS's basic financial statements. MVCS's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of MVCS's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of MVCS's assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between these items reported as net position.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused paid time off).

Both of the government-wide financial statements focus on the governmental activities of MVCS. The governmental activities include instructional services, student services, general administration services, school administration services, and maintenance. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. MVCS, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of MVCS are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of*

spendable resources, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MVCS maintained one governmental fund.

MVCS adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget on page 12.

The basic general fund financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on page 13 through 27 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of MVCS, the liabilities and deferred inflows of MVCS exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$568,040.

MVCS's Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2014-2015</u>	<u>2015-2016</u>
Current assets	<u>\$ 372,190</u>	<u>\$ 921,063</u>
Total assets	372,190	921,063
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pensions changes and contributions	<u>1,755,113</u>	<u>1,368,764</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	2,127,303	2,289,827
Current liabilities	96,664	94,515
Long-term liabilities	<u>2,403,213</u>	<u>2,716,756</u>
Total liabilities	2,499,877	2,811,271
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>178</u>	<u>46,596</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,500,055	2,857,867
Net position:		
Restricted	74,673	80,804
Unrestricted	<u>(447,425)</u>	<u>(648,844)</u>
Total net position	<u>(372,752)</u>	<u>(568,040)</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 2,127,303</u>	<u>\$ 2,289,827</u>

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased MVCS's net position by \$284,187. This decrease occurred primarily due to the GASB 68 amortization of the change in proportionate share of net pension liability over about four years. Key elements of this change are as follows:

MVCS's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2014-2015	2015-2016
Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,894	\$ 3,424
Operating grants	43,005	46,513
Capital grants	60,454	92,281
State equalization, general	2,383,768	2,551,258
Total revenues	2,489,121	2,693,476
Expenses:		
Instructional services	1,662,533	1,847,287
Student support	765,725	765,982
School administration	144,117	60,698
Business support	80,354	75,778
Operations/maintenance	209,144	139,019
Total expenses	2,861,873	2,888,764
Change in net position	(372,752)	(195,288)
Net position – beginning	–	(372,752)
Net position – ending	\$ (372,752)	\$ (568,040)

Governmental fund. The focus of MVCS's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing MVCS's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, MVCS's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$826,548. *Unassigned fund balance* is \$736,360. Restricted fund balances of \$80,804 must be set aside for emergencies (TABOR). Nonspendable fund balance of \$9,384 is a prepaid rent expense.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Amendments were made to the General Fund budget as shown on the budget to actual statement on page 12. Actual revenues were higher than budgeted because student count was higher than planned. Expenditures were less than budget by \$256,910 because of conservative spending policies.

Long-term debt. MVCS's long-term debt consists of \$45,553 for future compensated absences and \$2,671,703 in net pension liability. Additional details related to MVCS's long-term debt can be found in Note D and F on pages 18 through 26 of the financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

This was the second year in operation as a District Charter School and operations were at 100% enrollment capacity. Next year, for the 2016-2017 year budget, it is anticipated to operate at about 95% of enrollment capacity, hence decreasing our revenue.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of MVCS's finances for all those with an interest in MVCS's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mesa Valley Community School Administrative Director by telephone at (970) 254-7202.

Mesa Valley Community School

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 822,780
Accounts receivable	88,899
Other assets	9,384
Total current assets	<u>921,063</u>
Total assets	<u>921,063</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,368,764
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,368,764</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u><u>\$ 2,289,827</u></u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,427
Accrued payroll liabilities	84,088
Total current liabilities	<u>94,515</u>
Long-term liabilities due more than one year:	
Compensated absences payable	45,553
Net pension liability	2,671,203
Total liabilities	<u>2,811,271</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pension	46,596
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>46,596</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for emergencies	80,804
Unrestricted	(648,844)
Total net position	<u>(568,040)</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	<u><u>\$ 2,289,827</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

Mesa Valley Community School

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2016

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Capital		Governmental Activities	Total
			Operating Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:						
Instructional services	\$ 1,847,287	\$ 3,424	\$ 46,513	\$ 92,281	\$ (1,705,069)	\$ (1,705,069)
Support services:						
Student support	765,982	-	-	-	(765,982)	(765,982)
School administration	60,698	-	-	-	(60,698)	(60,698)
Business support	75,778	-	-	-	(75,778)	(75,778)
Operations and maintenance	139,019	-	-	-	(139,019)	(139,019)
Total support services	1,041,477	-	-	-	(1,041,477)	(1,041,477)
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,888,764	\$ 3,424	\$ 46,513	\$ 92,281	(2,746,546)	(2,746,546)

General revenues:

State equalization	2,551,258	2,551,258
Total general revenues	2,551,258	2,551,258
Change in net position	(195,288)	(195,288)
Net position - beginning	(372,752)	(372,752)
Net position - ending	\$ (568,040)	\$ (568,040)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

Mesa Valley Community School

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

June 30, 2016

		General Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments		\$ 822,780
Accounts receivable		88,899
Prepaid expenses		9,384
	Total assets	\$ 921,063
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		\$ 10,427
Accrued payroll liabilities		84,088
	Total liabilities	94,515
Fund balances		
Nonspendable		9,384
Restricted - TABOR reserve		80,804
Unassigned		736,360
	Total fund balances	826,548
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 921,063
Total governmental fund balance (as reported above) \$ 826,548		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Compensated absences reported as liabilities in governmental activities are not reported in the fund. (45,553)		
The amount by which deferred outflows of resources are more than deferred inflows of resources, both of which are not recorded in the fund (\$1,368,764-\$46,596) 1,322,168		
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund. (2,671,203)		
	Net position of governmental activities	\$ (568,040)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

Mesa Valley Community School

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Year ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund
Revenues	
Local sources	\$ 3,424
State sources	2,690,052
	<u>2,693,476</u>
	Total revenues
Expenditures	
Current	
Instructional services	1,100,977
Student support	765,982
School administration	60,698
Business support	75,778
Operation and maintenance	139,019
	<u>2,142,454</u>
	Total expenditures
	Revenues in excess (deficiency) of expenditures
	551,022
Fund balance beginning of year	<u>275,526</u>
Fund balance end of year	<u><u>\$ 826,548</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

Mesa Valley Community School

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities
are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental fund \$ 551,022

In the governmental funds, expenditures related to pension obligations are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid to the pension plan), whereas in the statement of activities, they are measured on the full accrual basis. This is the amount of the decrease in deferred outflows of resources plus the increase in net pension liability and deferred inflows of resources during the year (\$386,349+\$46,418+\$292,017). (724,784)

Governmental funds do not report accrued compensated absences as part of expenditures. However, they are reported as expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount that accrued compensated absences changed in the Statement of Net Position from the prior year. (21,526)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (195,288)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

Mesa Valley Community School

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 3,424	\$ 1,424
State sources	2,472,422	2,583,138	2,690,052	106,914
Total revenues	<u>2,474,422</u>	<u>2,585,138</u>	<u>2,693,476</u>	<u>108,338</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Instructional services	1,126,274	1,151,142	1,100,977	50,165
Student support	514,975	556,535	765,982	(209,447)
School administration	284,718	313,850	60,698	253,152
Business support	112,042	118,007	75,778	42,229
Operation and maintenance	244,464	259,830	139,019	120,811
Total expenditures	<u>2,282,473</u>	<u>2,399,364</u>	<u>2,142,454</u>	<u>256,910</u>
Revenues in excess (deficiency) of expenditures	191,949	185,774	551,022	365,248
Fund balance beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>275,526</u>	<u>275,526</u>
Fund balance end of year	<u>\$ 191,949</u>	<u>\$ 185,774</u>	<u>\$ 826,548</u>	<u>\$ 640,774</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statements.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Mesa Valley Community School (the School) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the School's significant accounting policies:

1. The Reporting Entity

Mesa Valley Community School consists of a school established under the Charter Schools Act serving K-12 grade students. It is governed by an independently elected Board of Directors. The School is considered a component unit of Mesa County Valley School District, and is reported discretely in a separate column on their financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the District.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Mesa Valley Community School presently has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenue, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

The School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the School are reported at fair value.

State statutes authorize the School to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations unconditionally guaranteed by U.S. agencies, certain international agency securities, certain types of bonds of U.S. local government entities, bankers' acceptances of certain banks, commercial paper, written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities, certain money market funds, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Receivables

The School considers all receivables to be fully realizable and does not maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements as applicable. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School has no reportable infrastructure.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the School would be depreciated using the straight-line method over the following an estimated useful live based on the nature of the asset.

5. Stewardship, compliance and accountability

Budgetary Information

Prior to May 15, management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes expenditures and the means of financing them. Public board meetings are conducted to obtain comments. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by the Board.

During the budget year, the Board of Directors has the option of changing and finalizing the budget for the fiscal year. One supplemental budget amendment was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Budgeted level of expenditures

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Administrative control is maintained through the use of detailed line-item budgets. Budgets must be amended at the fund level by the Board of Directors. At year-end, all appropriations lapse in accordance with Colorado statutes.

Budgetary basis of accounting

Appropriated budgets are adopted by the Board of Directors for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

6. Income Taxes

The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The School files its informational return, Internal Revenue Service form 990, for the federal jurisdiction on an annual basis.

7. Pensions

The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The carrying value of cash deposits in banking institutions as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Demand accounts	\$ <u>422,569</u>
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Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government including component units deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the School had deposits of \$427,363, of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$177,363 was collateralized.

State statutes authorize the School to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of the State of Colorado or of any county, school district, and certain towns and cities therein, notes or bonds secured by insured mortgages or trust deeds, obligations of national mortgage associations, certain repurchase agreements, and local government investment pools.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

At June 30, 2016, the School had \$400,211 invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) investment vehicle established for local governmental entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. CSAFE operates similar to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. At June 30, 2016, the approximate market value of the School's investments is \$400,211. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's Corporation.

Interest rate risk – The School does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities, other than that established by state statute of five years that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

NOTE C – FUND BALANCES

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a School's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

- *Non-spendable fund balance* - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the School's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board.
- *Assigned fund balance* - The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.
- *Unassigned fund balance* - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The School will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE C – FUND BALANCES – CONTINUED

If both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is School policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, if any, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition or construction of improvements on those assets, excluding unspent bond proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use, either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT

The School's long-term debt consists of the following:

	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Additions (Reductions)</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2016</u>
Future compensated absences	\$ 24,027	\$ 21,526	\$ 45,553
Net pension liability	2,379,186	292,017	2,671,203
	<u>\$ 2,403,213</u>	<u>\$ 313,543</u>	<u>\$ 2,716,756</u>

NOTE E – OPERATING LEASE

The School entered a 5-year operating lease in June 2014 for use of land and a building. The lease requires monthly payments of \$9,200 beginning in July 2014 and increasing slightly each subsequent year of the lease. Total lease expense during fiscal year 2016 was \$112,240.

Future minimum lease payments under the operating lease for the years following June 30, 2016 are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2017	\$ 115,140
2018	118,020
2019	<u>121,260</u>
Total	<u>\$ 354,420</u>

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions. Eligible employees and the School are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the following table:

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

	For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2015	For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2016
Employer Contribution Rate ¹	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) ¹	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF ¹	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	4.20%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	4.00%	4.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF ¹	17.33%	18.13%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the School were \$150,123 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School reported a liability of \$2,671,203 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015. The School proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2015 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SCHDTF.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

At December 31, 2015, the School proportion was .01747 percent, which was a decrease of .00009 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School recognized pension expense of \$874,908. At June 30, 2016, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 35,274	\$ 112
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	–	37,749
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	227,335	–
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	1,028,745	8,735
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	77,410	–
Total	\$ 1,368,764	\$ 46,596

\$77,410 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2016:	
2017	661,086
2018	479,562
2019	57,536
2020	46,574
2021	–
Thereafter	–

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.80 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.90 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 - 10.10 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 percent
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

Changes to assumptions or other inputs since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are as follows:

- The following programming changes were made:
 - Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
 - Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
 - Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
 - Refinement of the 18 month annual increase timing.
 - Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop up benefit forms.

- The following methodology changes were made:
 - Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
 - Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
 - Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
 - Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA’s Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA’s Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

The SCHDTF’s long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the November 15, 2013 adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Gov’t/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.50%.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.90%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE F – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above actuarial cost method and assumptions, the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,462,659	\$2,671,203	\$2,012,858

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE G – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND

Plan Description. The School contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HCTF. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

MESA VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

**NOTE G – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND –
CONTINUED**

Funding Policy. The School is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the School are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the School contributions to the HCTF were \$8,080 and \$7,347, respectively, equal to its required contributions for each year.

NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School insures against loss or damage to property; pays premiums on loss insurances; and pays judgments, administrative and legal claims. This activity occurs in the General Fund.

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; errors and omissions; violation of civil rights; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. The School uses workers compensation and other liability insurance to help mitigate these risks. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School paid \$15,020 in related insurance premiums to insurers.

NOTE I – TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The School believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment. However, the School has made certain interpretations of the Amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

Mesa Valley Community School

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY - NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2016

	Employer proportion of NPL	Employer proportionate share of NPL	Employer covered payroll	Employer proportionate share of NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability
<u>Measurement date:</u>					
December 31, 2014	0.01755%	\$ 2,379,186	\$ 361,480	658%	63%
December 31, 2015	0.01747%	2,671,203	750,060	356%	59%

Mesa Valley Community School

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY - EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

June 30, 2016

	Required employer contribution	Employer contributions recognized by the plan	Difference	Employer covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of employer covered payroll
June 30, 2015	\$ 123,772	\$ 123,772	\$ -	\$ 720,285	17%
June 30, 2016	141,956	141,956	-	800,685	18%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1: Factors that Significantly Affect Trends in the Amounts Reported

There were no changes in benefit terms, size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms, or assumptions used that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.